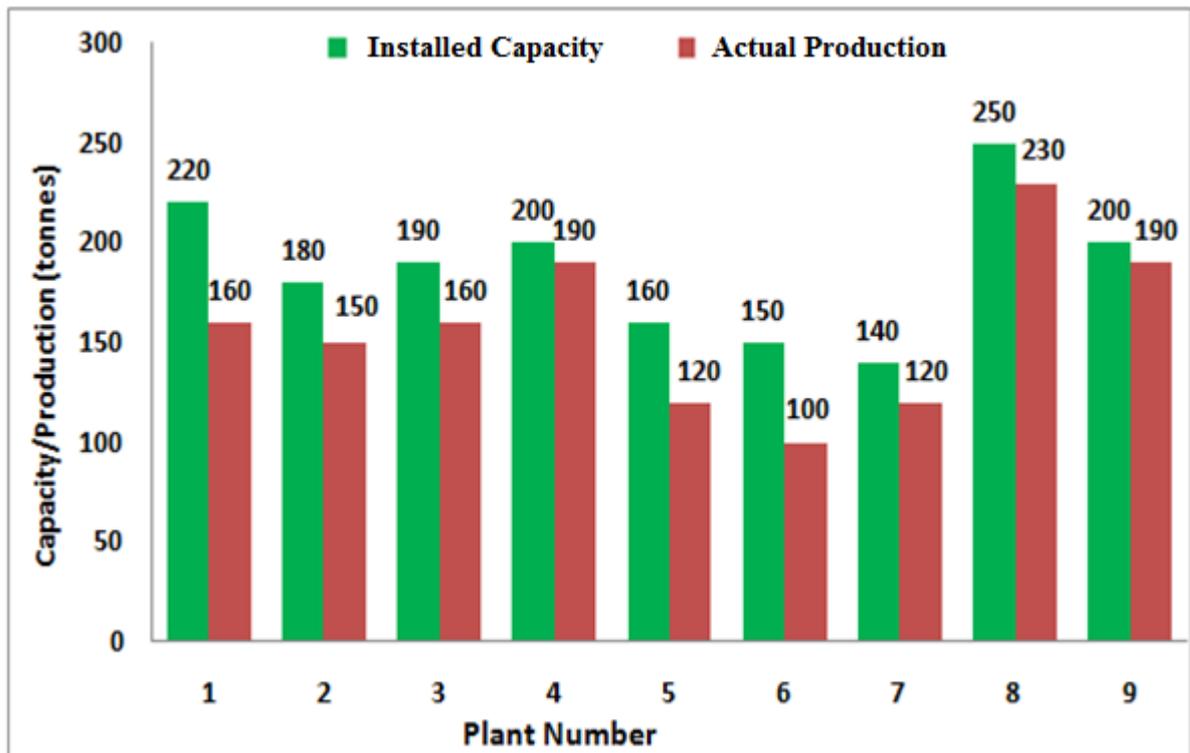


**Q. 1 – Q. 5 carry one mark each.**

- Q.1 The chairman requested the aggrieved shareholders to \_\_\_\_\_ him.
- (A) bare with            (B) bore with            (C) bear with            (D) bare
- Q.2 Identify the correct spelling out of the given options:
- (A) Managable            (B) Manageable            (C) Mangaable            (D) Managible
- Q.3 Pick the odd one out in the following:
- 13, 23, 33, 43, 53
- (A) 23                      (B) 33                      (C) 43                      (D) 53
- Q.4 R2D2 is a robot. R2D2 can repair aeroplanes. No other robot can repair aeroplanes.
- Which of the following can be logically inferred from the above statements?
- (A) R2D2 is a robot which can only repair aeroplanes.
- (B) R2D2 is the only robot which can repair aeroplanes.
- (C) R2D2 is a robot which can repair only aeroplanes.
- (D) Only R2D2 is a robot.
- Q.5 If  $|9y-6|=3$ , then  $y^2 - 4y/3$  is \_\_\_\_\_.
- (A) 0                      (B)  $+1/3$                       (C)  $-1/3$                       (D) undefined

**Q. 6 – Q. 10 carry two marks each.**

- Q.6 The following graph represents the installed capacity for cement production (in tonnes) and the actual production (in tonnes) of nine cement plants of a cement company. Capacity utilization of a plant is defined as ratio of actual production of cement to installed capacity. A plant with installed capacity of at least 200 tonnes is called a large plant and a plant with lesser capacity is called a small plant. The difference between total production of large plants and small plants, in tonnes is \_\_\_\_\_.



- Q.7 A poll of students appearing for masters in engineering indicated that 60 % of the students believed that mechanical engineering is a profession unsuitable for women. A research study on women with masters or higher degrees in mechanical engineering found that 99 % of such women were successful in their professions.

Which of the following can be logically inferred from the above paragraph?

- (A) Many students have misconceptions regarding various engineering disciplines.
- (B) Men with advanced degrees in mechanical engineering believe women are well suited to be mechanical engineers.
- (C) Mechanical engineering is a profession well suited for women with masters or higher degrees in mechanical engineering.
- (D) The number of women pursuing higher degrees in mechanical engineering is small.



**C : Materials Science****Q. 1 – Q. 9 carry one mark each.**

- Q.1 Energy Dispersive Spectroscopy (EDS) in a typical scanning electron microscope enables elemental identification by collecting and examining which of the following:
- (A) Secondary electrons from the sample  
(B) Back scattered electrons from the sample  
(C) Characteristic X-rays from the sample  
(D) Diffraction pattern from the sample
- Q.2 Which of the following rotational symmetry is forbidden in a perfectly periodic 3-dimensional lattice?
- (A) 1-fold                      (B) 3-fold                      (C) 5-fold                      (D) 6-fold
- Q.3 Which of the following thermodynamic properties shows a discontinuity during a second-order phase transition?
- (A) Volume                                      (B) Enthalpy  
(C) Entropy                                      (D) Heat capacity
- Q.4 Cross slip is easily promoted in metals having
- (A) a low stacking fault energy.                      (B) a low grain boundary energy.  
(C) a high stacking fault energy.                      (D) a high grain boundary energy.
- Q.5 For a typical metal at room temperature and atmospheric pressure, the Fermi energy is defined as the energy level for which the probability of occupancy is:
- (A) 0                      (B) 0.25                      (C) 0.5                      (D) 1
- Q.6 Number of elements in a tensor of rank 4 is \_\_\_\_\_.
- Q.7 Which one of the following effects is the working principle of a thermocouple?
- (A) Thomson                      (B) Seebeck                      (C) Peltier                      (D) Meissner
- Q.8 At equilibrium, the maximum number of phases that can coexist in a ternary system at constant pressure is \_\_\_\_\_.
- Q.9 Defect-free single crystal alumina (sapphire) is
- (A) opaque and white.                      (B) transparent.  
(C) translucent.                      (D) opaque and black.

**Q. 10 – Q. 22 carry two marks each.**

Q.10 Match the following processes and the products obtained:

P: Mechanical attrition	1: Thin films
Q: Physical vapour deposition	2: Plastics
R: Injection moulding	3: Nanoparticles
S: Sintering	4: Rails
	5: Carbide tools

- (A) P-1, Q-2, R-3, S-5  
(B) P-3, Q-1, R-2, S-5  
(C) P-4, Q-1, R-3, S-2  
(D) P-3, Q-4, R-1, S-2

Q.11 In a diffraction experiment, monochromatic X-rays of wavelength  $1.54 \text{ \AA}$  are used to examine a material with a BCC structure. If the lattice parameter is  $4.1 \text{ \AA}$ , the angular position  $\theta$  of the first diffraction peak is \_\_\_\_\_ degrees.

Q.12 The yield strength of a ferritic steel increases from 120 MPa to 150 MPa when the grain size is decreased from  $256 \mu\text{m}$  to  $64 \mu\text{m}$ . When the grain size is further reduced to  $16 \mu\text{m}$ , the expected yield strength is \_\_\_\_\_ MPa.

Q.13 A direct bandgap semiconductor has a bandgap of 1.8 eV. The threshold value of the wavelength **BELOW** which this material will absorb radiation is \_\_\_\_\_  $\text{\AA}$ .  
(Given: Planck's constant,  $h = 6.626 \times 10^{-34} \text{ J s}$ , the charge of an electron,  $e = 1.6 \times 10^{-19} \text{ C}$ , and speed of light,  $c = 3 \times 10^8 \text{ m s}^{-1}$ )

Q.14 A half cell consisting of pure Ni immersed in an aqueous solution containing  $\text{Ni}^{2+}$  ions of unknown concentration, is galvanically coupled with another half cell consisting of pure Cd immersed in a 1 M aqueous solution of  $\text{Cd}^{2+}$  ions. The temperature is  $25^\circ\text{C}$  and pressure is 1 atm. The standard electrode reduction potentials of Ni and Cd are  $-0.250 \text{ V}$  and  $-0.403 \text{ V}$ , respectively. The voltage of the cell is found to be zero. The concentration of  $\text{Ni}^{2+}$  in the solution is \_\_\_\_\_  $\times 10^{-6} \text{ M}$ .  
(Given: Universal gas constant,  $R = 8.31 \text{ J mol}^{-1} \text{ K}^{-1}$ , Faraday's constant,  $F = 96500 \text{ C mol}^{-1}$ )

Q.15 Match the type of magnetism given in Group 1 with the material given in Group 2:

<u>Group 1</u>	<u>Group 2</u>
P: Ferromagnetic	1: Nickel oxide
Q: Ferrimagnetic	2: Sodium
R: Antiferromagnetic	3: Magnetite
S: Paramagnetic	4: Cobalt

- (A) P-4, Q-3, R-1, S-2  
(B) P-4, Q-1, R-3, S-2  
(C) P-1, Q-2, R-4, S-3  
(D) P-3, Q-2, R-1, S-4

Q.16 Gallium is to be diffused into pure silicon wafer such that its concentration at a depth of  $10^{-3} \text{ cm}$  will be one half the surface concentration. Given that the diffusion coefficient ( $D$ ) of gallium in silicon at  $1355^\circ\text{C}$  is  $6 \times 10^{-11} \text{ cm}^2 \text{ s}^{-1}$ , the time the silicon wafer should be heated in contact with gallium vapour at  $1355^\circ\text{C}$  is \_\_\_\_\_ s.  
(Given:  $\text{erf}(0.5) \cong 0.5$ )

- Q.17 A batch of spherical titania nanoparticles, uniform in size, has a specific surface area of  $125 \text{ m}^2 \text{ g}^{-1}$ . If the density of titania is  $4.23 \text{ g cm}^{-3}$ , the diameter of the particles is \_\_\_\_\_ nm.
- Q.18 Given the probability distribution function
- $$f(x) = \begin{cases} 0.25x & \text{for } 1 \leq x \leq 3 \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$
- The probability that the random variable  $x$  takes a value between 1 and  $\sqrt{5}$  is \_\_\_\_\_.
- Q.19 In the vulcanization of 50 g of natural rubber, 10 g of sulfur is added. Assuming the mer to S ratio is 1:1, the maximum percentage of cross-linked sites that could be connected is \_\_\_\_\_%.  
(Given: atomic weight of S is 32 amu and molecular weight of a mer of natural rubber is 68 amu)
- Q.20 Match the heat treatment process of steels given in Group 1 with the microstructural feature given in Group 2:
- | <u>Group 1</u>  | <u>Group 2</u>                |
|-----------------|-------------------------------|
| P: Quenching    | 1: Bainite                    |
| Q: Normalizing  | 2: Martensite                 |
| R: Tempering    | 3: Pearlite                   |
| S: Austempering | 4: Iron carbide precipitates  |
|                 | 5: Intermetallic precipitates |
- (A) P-2, Q-3, R-4, S-1                      (B) P-3, Q-4, R-5, S-1  
(C) P-4, Q-1, R-5, S-3                      (D) P-2, Q-5, R-4, S-3
- Q.21 In the photoelectric effect, electrons are ejected
- (A) at all wavelengths, as long as the intensity of the incident radiation is above a threshold value.  
(B) at all wavelengths, as long as the intensity of the incident radiation is below a threshold value.  
(C) at all intensities, as long as the wavelength of the incident radiation is below a threshold value.  
(D) at all intensities, as long as the wavelength of the incident radiation is above a threshold value.
- Q.22 The angle between [110] and [111] directions in the cubic system is \_\_\_\_\_ degrees.

**END OF THE QUESTION PAPER**